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3.	Chhattisgarh	88,07,652	Projected population in 2001 is on the basis 1931 census.
4.	Goa	7,64,753	Figures based on interim survey report of Goa State Commission for Backward Classes in 1997-98.
5.	Himachal Pradesh	9,03,074	Data based on survey conducted by Himachal Pradesh State Backward Classes Commission in 1993-94.
6.	Karnataka	3,61,24,594	Data based on Socio-Economic & Educational survey conducted in 1974 by the Second Backward Classes Commission set up by the State Government.
7.	Madhya Pradesh	1,83,57,258	Data based on projected population as per Mahajan Commission's report in 1982, projected to 2001 population.
8.	Tripura	6,74,291	As per State Government survey conducted in 1995-96.
9.	Uttar Pradesh	7,02,54,083	On the basis of census, 2001, conducted by the State Panchayat Raj's Office.
10.	Uttarakhand	12,23,476	Source not indicated.
11.	West Bengal	1,20,92,205	Population based on sample surveys and population projection based on 1931 Census as worked out by the cultural Research Institute.
12.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	1,64,731	As worked out a projected population by A&N Islands Backward Classes Commission in 1998.
13.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2966	Population as on Nov., 2001

NOTE—1: Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, Nagaland & Lakshadweep have no OBC population.

NOTE—2: Remaining States/UTs have not furnished the data.

### Extraneous considerations in admission in Kendriya Vidyalayas

\*455. DR. GYAN PRAKASH PILANIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Public Accounts Committee, in its report tabled in Parliament on 24th February, 2006 had stated that the trend indicates that extraneous consideration seems to have weighed with the concerned authorities while admitting students to Kendriya Vidyalayas;

(b) whether from 1.37 per cent in 2001-02, the share of students admitted on the Ministry's recommendations leapt to 23.97 per cent in 2004-05;

(c) whether their gain has meant a loss of seats for Government employees' wards whose share in admissions fell from 56 per cent in 2001-02 to 43 per cent in 2004-05; and

(d) if so, the rationale and justification thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI ARJUN SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) No, Sir. as per Admission Guidelines of Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan (KVS), only 100 seats are allocated for the children of the employees of the Ministry of Human Resource Development over the above the sanctioned strength on the recommendation of the Ministry. This constituted 0.09% of fresh admissions in 2001-02 and 0.06% in 2004-05.

(c) and (d) No. Sir. However, there has been a decrease in share of transferable Central Government employees' wards in the total admissions mainly because of opening of new schools in areas not having large presence of transferable Central Government employees.

### **Survey of Kendriya Vidyalayas**

\*456. SHRI RAJNITI PRASAD: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan has conducted any survey of the achievement level of its students at upper primary and elementary level;

(b) if so, the results thereof;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor;